FAIRWAY

Gerard Velthof

Wageningen Environmental research









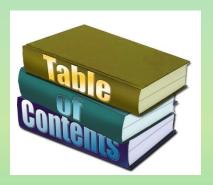
Contents of this presentation

General objectives and expected impacts of FAIRWAY and WaterProtect

Case studies in FAIRWAY and Action labs in WaterProtect

Fairway:

- Partners
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- Indicators
- Decision support tools
- Governance
- Integration
- Impacts







H2020 call text



Water farms – improving farming and its impact on the supply of drinking water (RUR-04-2016)

Expected impacts

- Cooperation between stakeholders
- Involvement of farmers and other citizens in monitoring
- New water governance models
- Integrated scientific support for relevant EU policies
- Harmonised datasets

Proposals should fall under the concept of the 'multi-actor approach'









General objectives FAIRWAY and WaterProtect

To contribute to a more effective protection of drinking water resources against nitrate and pesticide pollution from agriculture

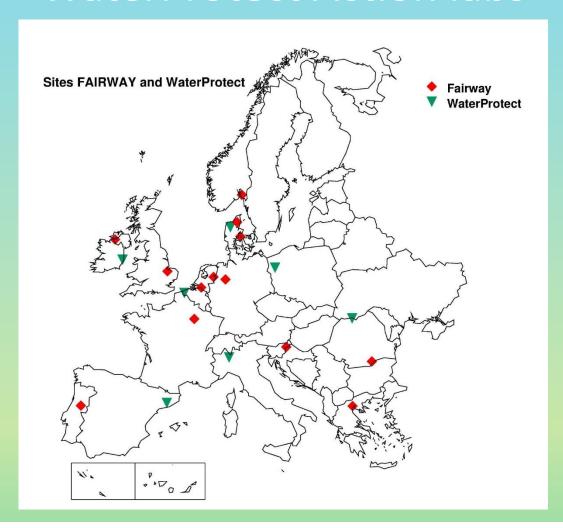
by identification and further development of innovative measures and governance approaches,

together with relevant local, regional and national actors.





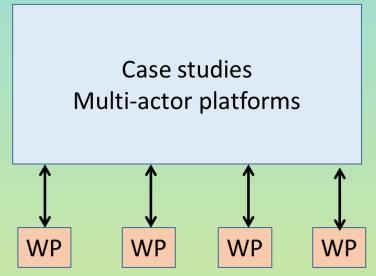
FAIRWAY case studies WaterProtect Action labs



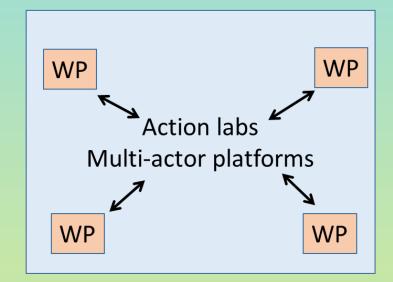














FAIRWAY: 22 partners in 11 countries

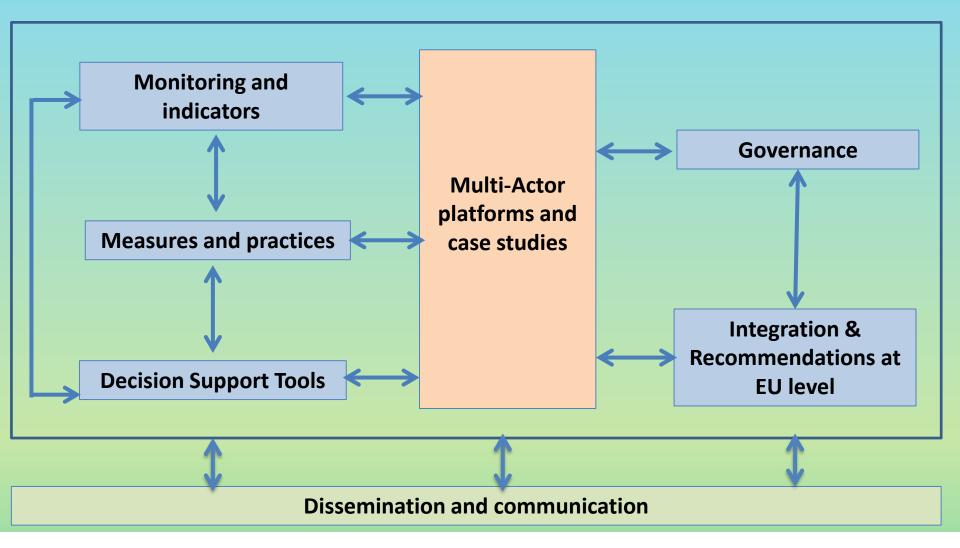
Partner	Acronym	Country	
Wageningen Research	WUR	NL	
RoyalHaskoning-DHV	RHDHV	NL	
Wageningen University	WU	NL	
BRGM	BRGM	FR	
Landbrug/SEGES	SEGES	DK	
NIVA	NIVA	NO	
Univerza v Ljubljani	UL	SI	
Fondazione per lo Sviluppo Sostenibile del Mediterraneo	MEDES	IT	
CLM	CLM	NL	
Thünen Institute	Thuenen	DE	
Coimbra Polytechnic Agri. School	IPC/ESAC	PT	
University Lincoln	UoL	UK	
ICPA	ICPA	RO	
Aristotle University of Thessaloniki	AUTH	EL	
Agri-Food & Biosciences Institute	AFBI	UK	
Aarhus University	AU	DK	
GEUS	GEUS	DK	
RIVM	RIVM	NL	
Kmetijsko gozdarski zavod Maribor	KGZ Maribor	SI	
ADAS	ADAS	UK	
LWK (Chamber of Agriculture)	LWK	DE	
Scienceview Media B.V.	Scienceview	NL	







FAIRWAY







13 case studies in FAIRWAY

1	Island Tunø, Denmark
2	Aalborg, Denmark
3	Anglian Region, England
4	La Voulzie, France
5	Lower Saxony, Germany
6	Axios river, Greece
7	Derg catchment, Northern Ireland
8	Overijssel, Netherlands
9	Noord-Brabant, Netherlands
10	Vansjø, Norway
11	Baixo Mondego, Portugal
12	Arges-Videa, Romenia
13	Dravsko Polje, Slovenia







13 case studies in FAIRWAY

- Sources of drinking water: groundwater and surface water
- Dry and wet areas in EU
- Different agricultural systems
- Large and small public supplies and private wells
- Nitrates, pesticides, and both
- Different challenges
- Well developed and less developed Multi Actor Platforms







Multi-actor platforms

What is a multi-actor platform?

"a more-or-less ongoing mechanism in which actors meet regularly to foster exchange and promote joint decision making and collaboration in a continuously evolving way" (Acquaye-Baddoo et al. 2010).

Actors:

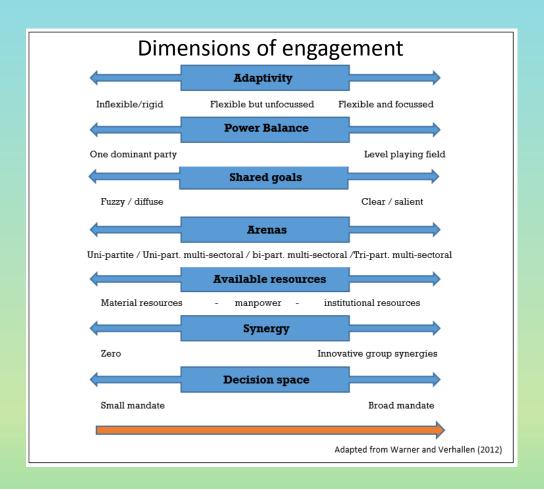
- Farmers, Farmers' Association, Advisors, Chamber of agriculture
- Drinking water companies, River association
- Municipalities, Provinces, National level
- Civil society
- Academia/researcher
- Private sector
- Other....

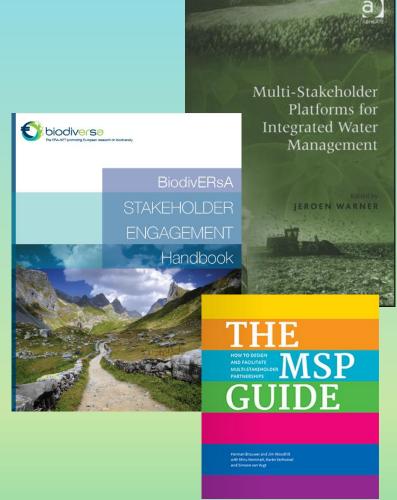






Establishment of multi-actor platforms
Stakeholder engagement plans



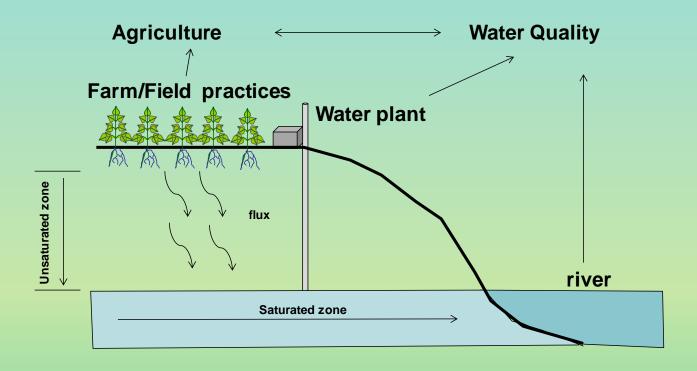






Indicators

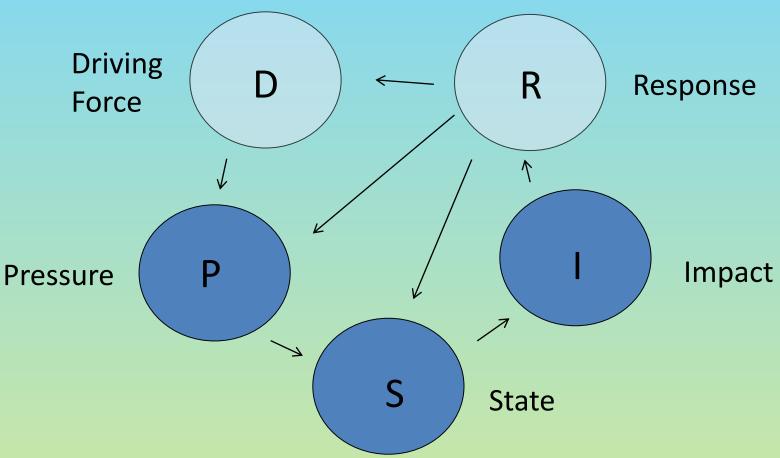
To identify, evaluate and further develop transparent agri-environmental indicators to monitor and assess the impact of measures and good practices on drinking water quality







Indicators: the DPSIR model



DPSIR framework propose a chain of causal links starting with 'driving forces' (e.g. human activities) leading to political 'responses'

'Pressures' (emissions) 'states' and 'impacts' (on ecosystems or human health) will be studied





Example. Results of review- State indicators for nitrate

study site	water source	Drinking water in collection point			Soil	
		annual ave.	max. conc.	freq.	time-series	leaching
1. Tunø, DK	GW					
2. Aalborg, DK	GW					
3. Anglian region, UK	GW					
4. La Voulzie, FR	GW					
5. Lower Saxony, GE	GW					
6. Axios river, EL	SW/GW					
7. Dreg, N-IRL	SW					
8. Overijssel, NL	GW					
9. Noord Brabant, NL	GW					
10. Vansjø, N	SW					
11. Baixo Mondego, PT	SW/GW					
12. Arges Videa, RO	GW					
13. Dravsko Polje, SL	GW					





No, I do not need it.



No, I do not have data.



No, I do not know it.





Measures to decrease nitrate and pesticide pollution: key challenges

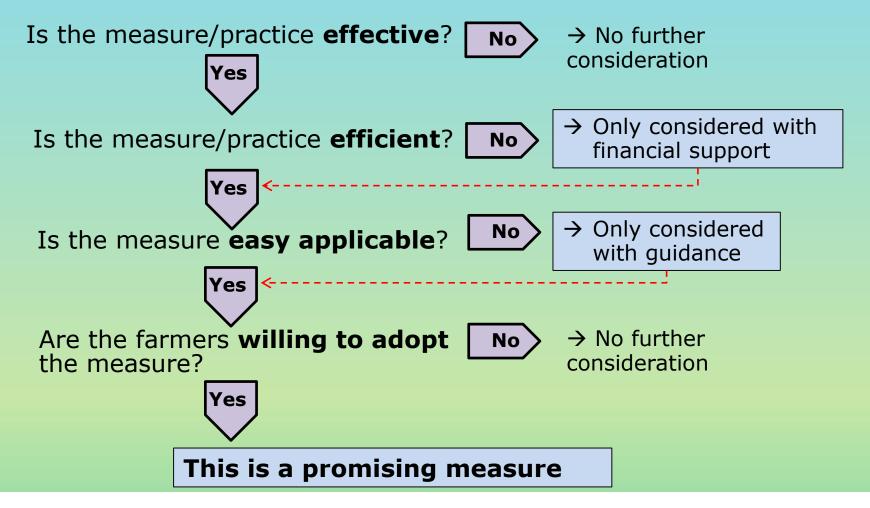
- 1. Many measures have been proposed/reviewed already;
 - → go beyond the state-of-the art
- 2. Many measures have been assessed rather qualitatively;
 - → analyses quantitatively as much as possible
- 3. Many measures are site-specific;
 - → define/describe the mechanisms
- 4. Many measures have not been implemented/tested in practice fully;
 - → identify the limiting/critical factors for implementation
- 5. Nitrate is nitrate, but pesticides are numerous and evolving;
 - → consider also the emerging pesticides







Measures and best practices: outline of analytical framework







Decision support tools

Evaluation of decision support tools and to what extent they have reached the target to secure both water quality and farmers income

- Selection and evaluation of decision support tools
- Literature study
- Criteria for selection most promising support tools
 - Case studies
 - Multi-actor platforms
 - Agriculture together with water managers different perspectives
- Beyond borders application of tools in different national/local contexts

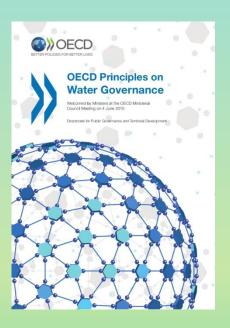






Governance

- Analysis of coherence and consistencies of EU and national policies related to water quality
- Assessment of governance arrangements in case studies
- Identify lacks and legal spill over effects
- Cost-efficient and coherent management models
- Develop legitimate governance arrangements







EU Directives with link to water quality

- Water Framework Directive
- Drinking water Directive
- Nitrates Directive
- Groundwater Directive
- Pesticides Directive
- Habitats Directive
- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Directive
- Industrial Emissions Directive
- Rural Development Program
- Common Agricultural Policy







Integration and EU recommendations

To document/implement an integrated scientific support for relevant EUpolicies related to drinking water quality

Integrated assessments and recommendations of most promising measures, policies and tools at national and EU level

Workshop this afternoon:

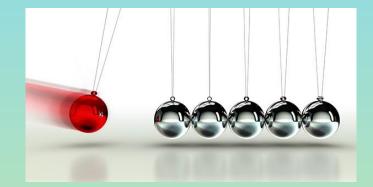
Evaluation of the barriers/issues around providing integrated scientific support for EU policy





Impacts of FAIRWAY

- Innovative and effective measures, practices and indicators
- Easy-to-use tools
 - farm management
 - monitoring by farmers and citizens



- Improved governance approaches for drinking water protection
- Improved science-policy interface

Based on scientific reviews and the experiences in the case studies and actors in the Multi-Actor Platforms





Dissemination and communication

Development of the FAIRWAY Plan for the Exploitation and Dissemination of Results (PEDR)



<u>www.fairway-project.eu</u> – website dedicated to the dissemination of project information



Development of methods of knowledge transfer and dissemination







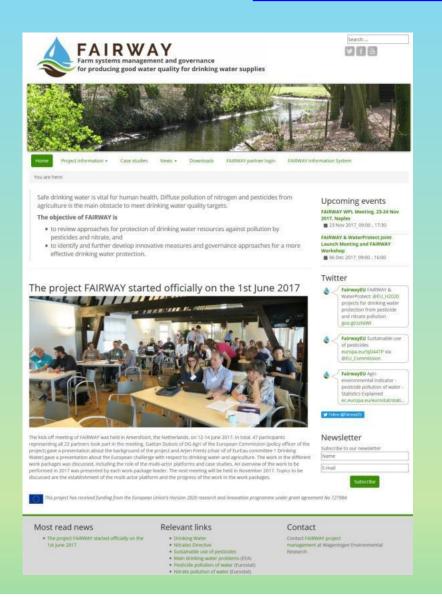
FAIRWAY – visual impact







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Thank you!





